Special thanks to Clifford Gross, Robert
Bill Sheppard, Craig Steiner, and Chris War

Daisy-Dot II is in the publi
distributed in its original f

All donations will be thank:
$10 and above, one will rece
printed documentation. Ser

Roy Goldman
2440 South Jasmin
Denver, CO 80222

INTRODUCTION

Daisy-Dot II (DDII) is a com
letter quality text with Ep:
Based on the original Daisy
DDII's output and the many
improve the printing capab:

The DDII system consists o:
in C with machine language
(DDIIPP) is the main progra:
out. The DDII Font Editor (
for designing and editing D
program (DDIIFU) converts a
(the original version of thi:
Robert Lee) and also create:
fonts.

COMPATIBILIY

DDII supports the following

    -- Atari 400/800/600XL/80C

    -- Epson EX/FX/JX/LX/MX I
    -- Star Gemini/SG/NP/NX 9

    -- DOS 2.5, SpartaDOS, Sma

DAISY-DOT II PRINT PROCESS

The DDIIPP prints out text
variety of proportional fon
making two passes for each
the page is advanced minim
the gaps. This varies from
each pass is not identical,
text. The result is high de
distinguish from that of a

Many formatting features a
implemented through comma
These powerful options incl
of a file to be printed, set
files together, change fonts
change horizontal spacing, o
block text to the right, unc
text, print in boldface, set
charts, and include pictures

DDIIPP will work with almo:
PaperClip, AtariWriter Plus,
the public domain Textpro,
groups, BBS's, or from me fo

RUNNING THE PROGRAM

Included with DDII is Atari
different DOS, copy the des:
DDIIPP is on Side 1 of the I
When booting, after DOS loa
After loading, drive 1 is sc:
configuration files. Two fi
name "STAR.CNF" and "MX.CNF
Gemini/SG, rename "STAR.CNF
printers are 100% Epson com
the case, configure DDII fo:
printers. If your printer is
"MX.CNF" file to "MX". DDIIP:

these names, and disregard
the correct name will work.
files is located on the disk
Epson EX/FX/JX/LX/RX models
compatible, experiment to s
your printer.

The DDIIPP file may also be
from DOS menus or in comm

FONT ENTRY

When the DDIIPP executes,
name of the DD font you w
1-8 for a directory.   Type
drive other than 1. The ".N
typed in. If a file other t
responds with Error #999 (t

DDII fonts are entirely com
Daisy-Dot. New fonts may
with the DDII Font Editor.
format or existing DDII fon
Font Utilities program. The
Side 1 of the DDII disk:

ARCIFORM.NLQ
!"#$%&'()*+,-./0123456789:;<=>?@ABCDEFGHIJKL
NOPQRSTUVWXYZ[^_abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvw

BLOCK.NLQ
!"#$%&'()*+,-./0123456789:;<=>?@ABCDEFGHIJKL
NOPQRSTUVWXYZ[^_abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwx

BORDERS.NLQ

BROADWAY.NLQ By B. Sheppard
!"#$%&'()*+,-./0123456789:;<=>?@ABCDEFGHI
NOPQRSTUVWXYZ[^_abcdefghijklmnopqrstuv

GATSBY.NLQ By C. Gross
!"#$%&'()*+,-./0123456789:;<=>?@AI
NOPQRSTUVWXYZ[^_abcdefghijklm

OHIO.NLQ
!"#$%&'()*+,-./0123456789:;<=>?@ABCDEFGHIJK
NOPQRSTUVWXYZ[^_abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvw

OLDENG.NLQ By C. Gross
!"#$%&'()*+,-./0123456789:;<=>?@ABCDEFG
NOPQRSTUVWXYZ[^_abcdefghijklmnopqr

OLDWEST.NLQ
!"#$%&'()*+,-./0123456789:;<=>?@ABCDEFGHIJK
NOPQRSTUVWXYZ[^_abcdefghijklmnopqrstuv'

ROMAN.NLQ
!"#$%&'()*+,-./0123456789:;<=>?@ABCDEFGHIJKI
NOPQRSTUVWXYZ[^_abcdefghijklmnopqrstuv\

SALOON.NLQ By C. Gross
!"#$%&'()*+,-./0123456789:;<=>?@ABCDE
NOPQRSTUVWXYZ[^_abcdefghijklmnopqrs

SANSERIF.NLQ
!"#$%&'()*+,-./0123456789:;<=>?@ABCDEFGHIJKL
NOPQRSTUVWXYZ[^_abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwx

SCRIPT.NLQ
!"#$%&'()*+,-./0123456789:;<=>?@ABCDEFGH1JI
NOPQRSTUVWXYZ[^_abcdefghijklmnopqrstui

SUB.NLQ
!"#$%&'()*+,-./0123456789:;<=>?@ABCDEFGHIJKLM
NOPQRSTUVWXYZ[^_ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZI

SUPER.NLQ
!"#$%&'()*+,-./0123456789:;<=>?@ABCDEFGHIJKLM
NOPQRSTUVWXYZ[^_ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZI

TEXT FILENAME ENTRY

After the font loads into m
file you wish to print. Ent
directory. Again, include th
1. No extender is assumed
specified file is not access

WHAT IS A TEXT FILE?

Text files used by DDII sho
processor through a "Print
from saving the file in tha
stored exactly as it is in y
margins added, lines aren't
However, when printing to
formatted, just like output
instructions for printing to
processors:

PAPERCLIP - Use the [CTRL]
the prompt for the output
output file. Answer 'N' to †
characters. Answer the rer

ATARIWRITER PLUS — First s
print. When it asks if it s
'N'. Type in the name of th
"Dn:". Next, select item 'C' f
the Atari 1027 (no matter w
the following prompts as de

XLENT'S FIRST WORD PROCESS
the main menu. Reply 'D' w
printer, screen, or disk. Ty
enter the following prompts

TEXTPRO — Use the command
for desired output. Make s

The DDIIPP prints only the
characters. Any control or

If the selected file is not :
not even attempt to print i

Check the Question and Ans

GLOBAL FORMATTING

Once a font has been loade
the global formatting menu
change the format, or appe
options selected from this :
entire printout unless chan
include within your text, a:

The first letter of each av
the corresponding letter to
value is displayed to the r:
following are all the forma
menu:

[F]ONT

Press 'F' to change the curr
1-8 and [RETURN] will displ
corresponding drive. To re
[RETURN]. Otherwise, type i
will load into memory.

[T]EXT FILE

Press 'T' to change the text
[RETURN] if a directory is c
prompt to retain the curre

[D]ENSITY

Press 'D' to cycle through t
you are using a non-MX Eps
available: single (density 1
and quadruple (4). If DDII
printer, only single and dou

Density is the term for des
printed. Single density allo
Double density can accommo
draft density is also based
faster than normal double
adjacent dots. Quadruple d
line, but it too can't print

Because density affects the
dots, the size of characters
varies. For example, double
and takes up twice as much
printed in quadruple densit
appears twice as wide as d

For most practical purposes
(density 2). This density, w
provides the most feasible
tasks. The main body of th
density. Single density is :
characters are desired, or r
with text formatted in 40 c
good choice when you need
fast as regular double dens
for fitting a bunch of char
density works best with fo:
Sans-Serif or Block.

Single Density (Density 1)
Double Density (2)
3Double Draft Density (3)
4Quadruple Density (4)

[S]PACING

Press 'S' to change the character spacing, or the number of
blank columns between each character. This value can be
anywhere from 0 to 20 columns. Enter the new spacing value and
press [RETURN] or press only [RETURN] to keep the current value.

In general, a spacing value of 2 to 4 is most practical. The
default spacing value is 2 columns (as is the main body of this
documentation).